Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

SAFETY DATA SHEET

EXonMobil

ISOPAR™ H

Section 1. Identification

Product name : ISOPAR™ H

Product description : Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Solvent

Uses advised against : This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

other than the Identified Uses above.

Supplier : EXXONMOBIL CHEMICAL SERVICES (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD

Correspondence address:

1099 Zixing Road Minhang District SHANGHAI China

24 Hour Emergency

Telephone

: (+86)0532-83889090 (NRCC)

Supplier General Contact : (+86) 021-23515000

E-Mail : sds-CN.SM@exxonmobil.com

FAX : 86-21-23500826

Supplier : ExxonMobil Chemical Asia Pacific (Regn. No. 52893724C)

(A Division Of ExxonMobil Asia Pacific Pte Ltd - Regn. No. 196800312N)

1 HarbourFront Place

#06-00 HarbourFront Tower One 098633 Singapore

Supplier General Contact: +65 6885 8000

SDS Internet Address : www.sds.exxonmobil.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture is in accordance with national standard GB30000 series of Specification/Rules for classification and labeling of chemicals

Emergency overview

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear]
Colour : Colourless
Odour : Faint

Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes mild skin irritation.

IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

Inherently biodegradable

Classification of the : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

substance or mixture SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 3

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

GHS label elements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 1/13

Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms

J.



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment.

P242 - Use non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

Response : P301 + P331, P316 - IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Get emergency

medical help immediately.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse affected areas with water or shower. P332 + P317 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide

(CO2) to extinguish flames.

Storage : P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Physical and chemical

hazards

: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Health hazards: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes mild skin irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 2/13

Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

Section 2. Hazards identification

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Environmental hazards

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Contains

: Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics

Other hazards which do not

: None known.

result in classification

Nota

: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Substance

Chemical name

: Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	100	CAS: 90622-57-4

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

First aid

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 3/13

Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes mild skin irritation.

Eye contactIngestionMay be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician : If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical

pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion products

: Incomplete combustion products, Oxides of carbon, Smoke, Fume

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Assure an extended cooling down period to prevent re-ignition. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 4/13

30 July 2025 1166604 **Date of revision SDS Number:**

First issue date 16 April 2025 **Version** 2

Section 6. Accidental release measures

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. If the Flash Point does not exceed the Ambient Air Temperature by at least 10C, use booms as a barrier to protect shorelines and allow material to evaporate. If the Flash Point exceeds the Ambient Temperature by 10 deg C or more, use containment booms and remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents when conditions permit. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants. Warn other shipping. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Precautionary measures to prevent the occurrence of secondary disasters

: Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for operating

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 5/13 : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue

30 July 2025 1166604 **Date of revision SDS Number:**

16 April 2025 First issue date **Version**

Section 7. Handling and storage

(ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Static Accumulator

This material is a static accumulator. A liquid is typically considered a nonconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m (100x10E-12 Siemens per meter) and is considered a semiconductive, static accumulator if its conductivity is below 10,000 pS/m. Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semiconductive, the precautions are the same. A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, anti-static additives and filtration can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid.

Loading/Unloading **Temperature**

: Ambient

Transport Temperature : Ambient

Conditions for safe storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Storage Temperature

: Ambient

Suitable Containers/Packing: Tankers, Drums, Railcars, Tank Trucks, Barges, Tank Cars

Suitable Materials and Coatings

: Inorganic Zinc Coatings, Amine Epoxy, Carbon Steel, Polyamide Epoxy, Epoxy Phenolic, neoprene, Stainless Steel

Unsuitable Materials and

: Vinyl Coatings, Natural Rubber, butyl rubber, Ethylene-proplyene-diene monomer

Coatings

(EPDM), Polystyrene

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	ExxonMobil (COMPANY) RCP - TWA: 177 ppm (Total Hydrocarbons). Form: Vapour RCP - TWA: 1200 mg/m³ (Total Hydrocarbons). Form: Vapour

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable regulations.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 6/13 : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue

Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour filter (Type A)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance and physical state

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear]
Colour : Colourless
Odour : Faint

Odour threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

: 179 to 191°C (354.2 to 375.8°F) [ASTM D86]

range

Date of issue/Date of revision: 30 July 2025Date of previous issue: 30 July 2025Version: 27/13

Date of revision 30 July 2025 **SDS Number:** 1166604

16 April 2025 First issue date Version 2

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Closed cup: 56°C (132.8°F) [ASTM D-93] Flash point **Evaporation rate** 0.07 (butyl acetate = 1) [In-house method,]

Flammability Flammable liquids - Category 3 Lower: 0.6% [Extrapolated] Lower and upper explosion

limit/flammability limit

Upper: 6% : 0.53 mm Hg [20 °C] [In-house method ,]

Relative vapour density : 5.4 [Air = 1] [Calculated]

Relative density : 0.76 [Calculated]

Density : 0.76 g/cm³ [15°C (59°F)] [ISO 12185]

Solubility in water : Negligible Partition coefficient: n-: >4 [Estimated]

Vapour pressure

octanol/water **Auto-ignition temperature** : 241°C (465.8°F) [Extrapolated]

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity 1.1 cSt [40 °C] [ASTM D7042]

1.5 cSt [20 °C] [ASTM D7042]

Molecular weight : 158

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Pour point <-114°C [ASTM D5950]

Hygroscopic : No

Coefficient of Thermal : 0.00099 per Deg C

Expansion

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,oxidising materials,

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Date of issue/Date of revision 8/13 : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue

Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >2200 mg/kg Rat - Oral - LD50 >5000 mg/kg Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour >4951 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary

Inhalation : Minimally Toxic. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.

Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403

Dermal : Minimally Toxic. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.

Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402

Oral : Minimally Toxic. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.

Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: May dry the skin leading to discomfort and dermatitis. Mildly irritating to skin with

prolonged exposure. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar

materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404

Eyes : May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Data available. Based on test data

for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405

Respiratory : Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures. No end point data for

material.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not expected to be a skin sensitizer. Data available. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406

Respiratory

atory : Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. No end point data for material.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Data available. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 476

478 479

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to cause cancer. No end point data for material. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Data available. Based on test data for

structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 414

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Conclusion/Summary: Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. No end point data for

material.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not applicable.	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated exposure. Data available. Based on test data for structurally similar materials. Test(s) equivalent or

similar to OECD Guideline 408 413

Aspiration hazard

Conclusion/Summary: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Based on physico-chemical properties

of the material. Data available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 9/13

Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

Section 11. Toxicological information

Other information

Product

: Vapour/aerosol concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches, dizziness, anaesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness and other central nervous system effects including death. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

Section 12. Ecological information

The information given is based on data for the material, components of the material, or for similar materials, through the application of bridging principals.

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
Product/ingredient name Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Acute - LL0 Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 1000 mg/l - data for similar materials [96 hours] Acute - EL0 daphnia - Daphnia magna 1000 mg/l - data for similar materials [48 hours] Acute - NOEL Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 1000 mg/l - data for similar materials [72 hours] Acute - EL0 Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 1000 mg/l - data for similar materials [72 hours]
	Chronic - NOEL daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> >1 mg/l - data for the material [21 days]

Conclusion/Summary

Acute toxicity: Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Chronic toxicity : Not expected to demonstrate chronic toxicity to aquatic organisms

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2%	Ready Biodegradability
aromatics	31.3% [28 days]

Biodegradability : Material -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

Hydrolysis : Material -- Transformation due to hydrolysis not expected to be significant.
 Photolysis : Material -- Transformation due to photolysis not expected to be significant.

Atmospheric Oxidation : Material -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

Bioaccumulation/Accumulation

Not determined.

Mobility in soil

Mobility : Material -- Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air. Not expected to partition to

sediment and wastewater solids.

Other ecological information

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 10/13

Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

Section 12. Ecological information

VOC content : Yes

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Section 14. Transport information

	JT/T617	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3295	UN3295	UN3295
UN proper shipping name	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N. O. S.	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	Hydrocarbons, liquid, n.o.s.
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Label(s) / Mark(s)	<u>₹</u>		
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

IATA

China - JT/T617 : <u>Hazard identification number</u> 30

<u>Limited quantity</u> 5 L <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)

IMDG : **Emergency schedules** F-E, S-D

Special provisions 223

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions:
 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

Special provisions A3, A324

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 11/13

SDS Number: 1166604 **Date of revision** 30 July 2025

16 April 2025 First issue date **Version**

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:,oxidising materials,

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name

: ISOPAR H (contains iso-and cycloalkanes

(C10-C11))

Remarks : Liquid bulk cargoes:

Ship type: 3

Pollution category: Y

Section 15. Regulatory information

The hazard classification for this material is in accordance with national standard GB30000 series of Specification/Rules for classification and labeling of chemicals

Refer to below China regulations (if applicable):

The General Rules for preparation of precautionary label for Chemicals (GB 15258-2009)

Regulations on the Safe Management of Hazardous Chemicals

Measures for the Environmental Management Registration of New Chemical Substances

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory (DSL-NDSL) : All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC) : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (CSCL) : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (Industrial Safety and

Health Act)

: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

(NZIoC)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory

(TCSI)

: All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)

: All components are active or exempted.

The national inventory listings are based on the CAS number or numbers listed below.

64742-48-9: 90622-57-4

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of

: 30 July 2025

revision

Date of previous issue : 30 July 2025

2 Version

Date of issue/Date of revision : 30 July 2025 Version : 2 12/13 : 30 July 2025 Date of previous issue

Date of revision 30 July 2025 SDS Number: 1166604

First issue date 16 April 2025 Version 2

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Product code : 1166604

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